

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

When you Advertise make the Paper Show what Circulation You are Getting.

Vol. X. No. 229

Gettysburg, Pa Tuesday September 10 1912

Price Two Cents

Last Call
FOR STRAW HATS
HALF PRICE
Eckert's Store
"On The Square"



WIZARD THEATRE

PATHE

VITAGRAPH SELIG

YELLOW BIRD

An Indian romance of great dramatic power.

ANY OL' CLOTHES—PATHE AMERICAN COMEDY

A good Selig Western.

In addition to our regular program tomorrow night, we will show that Biograph feature (A TEMPORARY TRUCE) Every person ought to see it and ponder the great lesson it teaches.

"The Wizards" big Mirror Screen is working full force installing. Watch for it—See it.

"The Girl from Rectors" Don't forget the date, Wednesday, September 18th.

SPICES

We have a complete line of selected Foreign and Domestic Culture and Curing.

You use care in selecting your fruit and vegetables; why not use the same care in buying your spices. They may cost a little more, but they go further and give a much better flavor.

People's Drug Store.

NEW PHOTOPLAY

ESSANAY

EDISON

PATHE

THE MIS-SENT LETTER—ESSANAY COMEDY

A roaring comedy of highly amusing complex situations, dealing with the jealousies of a new wife on account of several letters being mis-sent.

TEN DAYS WITH A FLEET OF U. S. BATTLESHIPS—EDISON

This reel will show the people the life and customs of our sailors and an idea of the vastness and power of these steel structures, incidentally showing a beautiful sunset on the ocean.

THE ENCHANTED FIFER—PATHE

It is a fairy tale and shows some wonderful magical stunts.

THE IRBITH (SIBERIAN) FAIR—PATHE

NOTICE—Beginning September 14, this coming Saturday, and continuing every Saturday throughout the winter months, we will run a MATINEE from 2.00 to 4.00 P. M.

THE QUALITY SHOP

The Fall and Winter Season for Clothes has opened and you will find in our stock the latest and best styles of Suitings for Ladies' and Gentlemen.

We also have a full line of raincoats for LADIES and GENTLEMEN. These styles comprise the English Tweeds, Gabardine, English Slip-Ons and Gravettes. You can have these made to measure any length or style.

We have in our Haberdashery Department the Columbia Cuff-turn Shirt which has been so popularly advertised in the Saturday Evening Post. Just a turn of the Cuff and you have a clean one for a soiled one.

TAILOR WILL M. SELIGMAN, HABERDASHER

Beautiful Fall Fabrics

The season's newest cloths are here, waiting for you—over four hundred of them. Fashionable Grays and Tans, in beautiful distinctive shades. Rich Browns breathing the very spirit of Autumn. Dignified Blacks; ever popular Blues, and attractive novelties galore, waiting to be made into a suit distinctively yours.

RAIN COATS \$7.00

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

Store Open Every Evening.

Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes For The Farm

The best protection for your barns, corn cribs and out-buildings is Sherwin-Williams Commonwealth Barn Red. A bright, handsome red, made especially for the purpose. Greatest covering capacity, spreads well under brush and looks best longest.

Ask for color card and prices.

GETTYSBURG - DEPARTMENT - STORE

OPENING MISS ANNA RECK

Announces her first Millinery Opening on

Saturday, September the 14th.

You are cordially invited to look over the stock. The services of a good Milliner has been secured, who will be glad to meet the people. Respectfully



WIFE 13 YEARS OLD COMPLAINS

Child Wife of Charles Branon Pours out Unusual Story before Justice Harnish who Lists Case for Trial at Court.

Accused by his thirteen year old wife of threats against her life Charles Branon, of Hamiltonian township, this morning appeared before Squire Harnish and heard his child wife pour out a tale which was as distressing as it was unusual.

The little girl is a daughter of Mrs. Annie Wagaman and had been courted by Branon who, by the way, is a brother of Joseph Branon, one of the Christmas night jail breakers and now in the Eastern Penitentiary serving a sentence. The child wife said at the hearing that she married Branon at Hagerstown on August 6 because she was afraid of what he might do if she refused.

The girl said she had told Branon before marriage that her age was only thirteen and he, in answer, said that if he ever saw her with another man before she was eighteen he would kill them both. He induced her later to go to Hagerstown where, so the child testified, he made her say that she was eighteen. The United Brethren minister who married them was told this and the ceremony was performed.

Since the wedding the couple have not been getting along well. The man, it is said, has not supported her though he has done her no violence. He is about twenty three years of age, tall and strong, and District Attorney Wible informed him at the hearing that it would go hard with him if any ill treatment of the wife was ever reported.

An effort was made to get the two to be reconciled but the girl was firm in her determination not to live with her husband and the surety of the peace case was held over for hearing at Court.

BUSINESS SCHOOL "GRADS"

Sixty two young people representing York city and county with a sprinkling of students from various sections of the state, were graduated Friday, September 6, at the 15th annual commencement exercises of the Patrick's commercial school, York.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

Lulu E. Grove, of that city, was the valedictorian, while Avon W. Hess, of Abbottstown, was the salutatorian.

Among the graduates were, Miss Leona Klunk, McSherrystown; Misses B. Ulah R. Arendt, Eliza B. Miller, New Oxford; Miss Anna McCall, Littlestown; W. Baker Hoke and Avon W. Hess, Abbottstown.

L

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAVER, Secretary and Treasurer. PHILIP R. BIKLE, President.

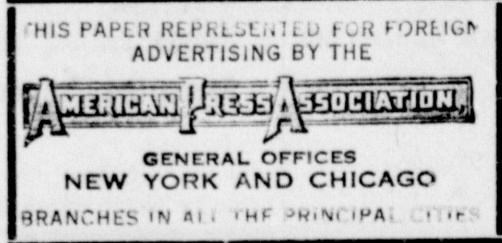
PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

IF YOU RECEIVE THE TIMES BY MAIL YOU CAN FIND THE DATE UP TO WHICH YOU ARE PAID ON THE PINK ADDRESS LABEL ON YOUR PAPER. THE DATE WILL BE CHANGED WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER YOUR MONEY IS RECEIVED AT THE TIMES OFFICE

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Want ads. 1 cent per word for first insertion and one-half cent per word for each additional insertion. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials 1 cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

Cough Hard? Go To Your Doctor
Stop coughing! Coughing rasps and tears. Stop it! Coughing prepares the throat and lungs for more trouble. Stop it! There is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. Stop it! Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a medicine for coughs and colds, a regular doctor's medicine. Use it! Ask your doctor if this is not good advice.

A Few
OXFORDS
Left
The reduced price will surprise you.
C. B. KITZMILLER

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY ON
Wednesday, September 18th.

PRairie Lillies and Nebraska Bill's Real Wild West Combined



400-PEOPLE and HORSES-400

The Real Rough Riders of the World

LIFE ON THE PLAINS

More than a century ago. Vivid Pictures of distinctive scenes and events.

DARING MEN of many nations in astonishing Equestrian Feats and Reckless Displays of Sadistic Expertise.

A CONTINUOUS SUCCESSION OF STARTLING SURPRISES

2 EXHIBITIONS DAILY AT 2 AND 8 P. M. RAIN OR SHINE.

Grand Free Street Parade at 10 A. M. Show Day

Buchanan Valley Picnic

Saturday, September 14th, 1912

Dancing and all kinds amusements.

Refreshments, Good Meals, Games.

New Moon

OFFICE OF
GETTYSBURG FURNITURE CO.
Special Notice to Stockholders

A Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of THE GETTYSBURG FURNITURE COMPANY at a meeting held on July 22nd, 1912, called a special meeting of the stockholders in said corporation to be held at the general office of the company at the office of John D. Keitt, Esq., on the second floor of the First National Bank Building, at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, on the 25th day of September, 1912, at 7 o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of voting for or against an increase of the indebtedness of the said Company from nothing to Twenty thousand (\$20,000.00) Dollars.

C. C. CULP, Secretary.

For Sale

7 FINE SHOOTS

Apply

Geo. W. Peters,
Guernsey, Pa., United Phone

WANTED: local representative for established sick and accident company. Address, Manager, Room 245 Woolworth Building, Lancaster, Pa.

WANTED: pupils for the violin, Sevcik method. Karl F. Janke, 115 Broad Street.

G. O. P. LEADS IN MAINE VOTE

The Republicans Have Probably Swept the State.

GAINS EIGHT PER CENT.

Governor and Possibly Four Congressmen Elected as Against Two at Last Election.

Portland, Me., Sept. 10.—Heavy Republican gains throughout the state indicate that William T. Haines will be elected over the present Democratic governor, Frederick W. Plaisted, and that three and possibly four Republican congressmen would be elected as against two at the last election.

Returns for governor from 428 out of 634 election districts comprising twelve out of twenty cities and 348 out of 501 towns, give Haines 48,713; Plaisted, 45,420. This shows a Republican gain of 8 per cent.

Two years ago Fernald received 44,872; Plaisted, 49,945.

Complete returns from Augusta give Plaisted, Democrat, for governor, 1340; W. T. Haines, Republican, 1195. Two years ago Plaisted had a majority of 305. Governor Plaisted's home is in Augusta.

In the First district Congressman Asher C. Hinds is running considerably ahead of the ticket and he will probably win over his Democratic opponent, Michael T. O'Brien. In the Second district Congressman McGillivray and his Republican opponent, William B. Shelton, are running neck and neck, the latter leading slightly, with about half the district to be still heard from.

Democratic Congressman Samuel W. Gould apparently faces defeat in the Third district at the hands of Forest Goodwin, and in the Fourth district Republican Congressman Frank E. Guernsey is more than holding his own with Charles Mullen, the present mayor of Bangor.

The returns are coming in very slowly and it is impossible yet to make positive predictions, but it is apparent that there has been at least a partial ebb of the Democratic tidal wave which swept the state two years ago. It is impossible at present to even predict the complexion of the state legislature.

Several well defined state issues were decided in the election, and a few questions of national importance were passed upon. A governor, four congressmen, county officers and the legislature were elected. The legislature selected will choose a United States senator next winter.

Balloting began in some of the cities a few hours after sunrise, but it was well into the forenoon before voting began in the country towns and the fishing places. The polls closed in most places at five o'clock, but in a few small towns voting ceased an hour earlier.

In the cities, where there are manufacturing plants, the early voting was fairly heavy. In a few of the larger cities the Republican leaders stationed detectives at the polling booths.

ARKANSAS IS WET

State-Wide Prohibition is Defeated by at Least 35,000.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 10.—Indications on the face of returns from widely scattered districts over Arkansas are that the state-wide prohibition petition has been defeated by from 35,000 to 50,000 votes.

A large negro vote has been polled, probably the largest in the state's history, and this vote will be almost solid against prohibition. The heavy negro vote on the face of the returns makes it highly probable that the amendment incorporating the "grandfather's clause," which would disqualify fully 75 per cent of the negro vote, was defeated.

BROWNS SELF IN RIVER

Suicide Ties Himself to Tree to Avoid Loss of Body.

Lancaster, Pa., Sept. 10.—In a fit of despondency, caused by nervous indulgence, Adam Miller, fifty years old, drowned himself in the Conestoga river near here.

His body was found by a canoeist. Miller had tied himself to a tree with a long rope. It is presumed that he did so because he did not wish his body to be washed away.

The dead man is survived by a widow, two daughters and a son.

McNamara Has Appendicitis.

San Quentin, Cal., Sept. 10.—James B. McNamara, serving a life sentence in the San Quentin prison for murder in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, has been operated on for appendicitis. His recovery is expected.

MICE START FIRE IN HOUSE.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 10.—Mice nibbling matches caused a fire in the home of Mrs. Rebecca Riddle here. The fire destroyed the contents of several rooms and endangered the entire building for a time.

Odd Fellows' Chaplain Dead.

Greely, Colo., Sept. 10.—Rev. Richard J. Van Volkenburg, grand chaplain of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Colorado, is dead at his home here, aged eighty-nine.

WANTED: men to work on Hunterstown state road for Thos. Meehan and Sons.

WANTED: lady bookkeeper, permanent position, one with experience preferred. State salary wanted. Address B. care Times office.

FOR RENT: house, 323 York street, Possession October 1st. Apply Times office.

MISS ROSE PITONOF.

American Girl Will Try to Swim English Channel.



Photo by American Press Association.

MAY INTERVENE TO PACIFY MEXICO

U. S. Army Held Ready For Quick Duty.

EXPECT ANOTHER REBEL RAID

The Situation So Critical That Mr. Tait, Loth to Do So, May Order the Move.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The tensity of the situation along the Mexican border was reflected here by the continuation of preparations for any emergency, chiefly the possibility of President Tait calling a special session of congress to decide upon the question of intervention.

With the border patrols strengthened by additional cavalry, and other troops throughout the west ready to move at an hour's notice, war department officials felt they had the situation well in hand. They were apprehensive of the next move of the rebel commander, General Salazar, encamped within sight of the United States troops along the Arizona line, protesting he meant no harm, but believed to be planning another raid into American territory.

With the knowledge that President Tait had let it be known at Beverly that he viewed current conditions in Mexican territory as a real menace to American lives and property and that drastic action might be necessary to obtain their protection, officers of the government in Washington felt that there was no reason for keeping down the lid, and they lifted it enough to disclose that from the viewpoint of the administration something more radical than has marked the course of the president and his advisers up to this time might have to be undertaken if the situation did not change materially for the better.

Nothing has appeared in Washington to indicate that the president has any other desire than to avoid sending United States troops across the Mexican border. It is said in his behalf that he would be reluctant to adopt a course of that character, not merely on account of its certain effect on the relations between Mexico and the United States, but because of the danger that such an act of hostility, as it would be so construed throughout Mexico, would be followed by a massacre of the virtually helpless Americans at Cananea and the other places where there are large contingents of citizens of the United States.

MADERO OPPOSES U.S. ACTION

Declares That There Is No Need For Intervention.

Mexico City, Mex., Sept. 10.—In spite of the activity of the United States government in transporting troops to the international border, and the intimation from Beverly, Mass., that intervention may come, President Madero is confident that there will be no intervention.

Madero believes that Mexico can handle her own troubles. He declared that conditions, especially in the northern states, are fast improving. He said:

"In the south the disturbances are being put down. Americans are not in danger. We need no outside help, for our trained troops are equal to any demand levied upon them."

Emiliano Zapata's boasted advance on the capital has not yet materialized. Bands of several hundred rebels were sighted between Ajusco and Parres, about forty miles south of the capital, and undoubtedly there are a number of other bands riding about in the neighborhood of Yautepec, east of Cuernavaca.

Antonio Serna and three of his lieutenants who had aided him in forming a plan to open the capital to the Zapatistas on the night of Sept. 15, were put to death.

HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGE

Secretary of U. S. Legation at Panama and Girl Arrested in New York.

New York, Sept. 10.—Harry E. No, secretary of the American legation at Panama, was arrested in this city.

The police say he has been living at the Hotel Astor since last Friday with a young Scotch girl named Marion McVickar, who is sixteen years old.

The matter came into the hands of the police when the Old Dominion line reported that Miss McVickar, who had come from Newport News on their vessel, was missing. The Old Dominion was to turn the girl over to the Anchor line on Saturday morning, so that she could be taken back to Scotland, this arrangement having been made by her father, an innkeeper in Glasgow.

The police began a search for the girl, and when she went into the offices of the Anchor line and demanded the money which her father had paid for her ticket from New York to Scotland, detectives were waiting on the outside, so the clerk turned over the ticket, but not the money.

Outside the ticket office the girl joined a man, and the detectives immediately took them both into custody. A serious charge was made against the man, who proved to be Nolan.

KURDS MASSACRE ARMENIANS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 10.—The massacre of Armenians by Kurds has been resumed. The villages in Armenia have been pillaged and twenty-eight of the inhabitants killed. An other village has been destroyed by fire. The local authorities are powerless to preserve order.

BANKER ENDS LIFE BY SHOOTING.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Alfred D. Sprague, president of the National Bank of New Berlin, died of heart disease at his home. Sprague lost heavily by the failure of the First National Bank of New Berlin. He was seventy-three years old.

BANKER DIES SUDDENLY.

HOLSTEIN stock for sale: I will receive Wednesday, September 11th, one car load New York State Holstein stock, one and two years old, good breen and will make fine dairy cows. Frank Biesecker Orrtanna, Pa. Phone 218 F.

FOR SALE

Early pullets, Black Minorcas, and Plymouth Rocks. Best laying strains.

JACOB A. KEMPER

Route 2. Gettysburg, Pa.

FOR RENT

store room on Carlisle Street. J. A. Ring.

GIRL wanted for general house work in family of three. Apply at Times office.

The KITCHEN CABINET



F YOU and I just you and I Should laugh instead of If we should grow just you and I, kinder and sweater-hearted. Perhaps in some near by-and-by A good time might be started; then what a happy world 'twould be For you and I, for you and I.

WHAT TO DO WITH VEAL.

Veal, to be wholesome, should never be put on the market until six or eight weeks old. Younger meat is apt to produce serious disturbance in the digestive tract. Good veal may be told by its pinkish colored flesh and white fat. Veal should be thoroughly cooked, and being deficient in fat, pork or other fat should be supplied.

Veal Pie.—Cook until tender a portion of the leg or shoulder; cut the meat in bits, add a few slices of fat salt pork, add cream to cover. Season and put cover of biscuits over the top and bake. A little onion adds to the flavor of this pie. Chicken pie may be pieced out very satisfactorily by cooking a piece of veal with the chicken. The flavor can hardly be distinguished from chicken.

Veal Birds.—Remove the bone and skin from thin slices of veal taken from the leg. Pound until a half-inch thick; cut in pieces an inch and a half by two and a half, each piece making a bird. Chop the trimmings of the meat, add a piece of fat salt pork, two or three small cubes to each piece or bird. Add equal parts of cracker crumbs moistened with egg, onion juice, lemon juice and seasoned with salt and pepper.

Spread this mixture over the pieces of meat, roll up and fasten with two toothpicks put in to resemble the legs of a bird. Brown in a little hot butter, cover with stock made from stewing the meat and bits of skin and cook twenty minutes, or until tender. Serve with a white sauce poured around the birds.

The white sauce is made by covering the meat with cream after dredging well with flour.

Veal Loaf.—Put a knuckle of veal with a pound of the

"By George, That's a Tonic for Your Life!"

Without Narcotics, Alcohol or Minerals
Drugs—Purely Vegetable.
It's a Wonder.

Millions have been waiting for it to
years—a tonic without narcotics, opiates
alcohol, or any mineral drug! A tonic that
builds up wonderfully, nerve tissue and



FRANCISCO I. MADERO, JR.

President of the Revolution
Ridden Republic of Mexico.

Photo by American Press Association.

BUMPER YIELD FOR ALL CROPS**Government Report Indicates Banner Farm Year.****MONEY TO MOVE CROPS**

Secretary of Treasury May Distribute Surplus Funds Among National Banks For That Purpose.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Bumper crops of corn, while potatoes, spring wheat, oats, barley, rye and buckwheat were forecasted by the crop reporting board of the department of agriculture in its September report.

Corn probably will reach 2,995,000 bushels, exceeding the record crop of 1909 by about 68,000,000 bushels, the crop of last year by 464,000,000 bushels and the crop of 1910 by 109,000,000 bushels.

The potato yield this year, it is estimated, will be 398,000,000 bushels, overshooting the bumper crop of 1909 by about 9,000,000 bushels, and the crop of 1910 by about 49,000,000 bushels.

Spring wheat crop probably will be 200,000,000 bushels, or 8,000,000 bushels over the record of 1908, 109,000,000 bushels over last year's crop and 99,000,000 bushels over the 1910 crop.

The harvest of oats, according to the report, will be 1,230,000,000 bushels, exceeding the record crop of 1910 by 104,000,000 bushels, and last year's crop by 368,000,000 bushels.

The crop of rye will be, it is believed, about 399,000 bushels greater than the record crop of 1910; buckwheat about 400,000 bushels higher than the record crop of 1910, and rye will almost reach the record crop of 1902.

The tobacco yield is estimated at 976,000,000 pounds.

A preliminary estimate of the total production of hay places it at 72,000,000 tons, compared with 55,000,000 tons harvested in 1910. The quality of the hay crop is estimated at 92.1 per cent, compared with 91.0 per cent, the average for the past ten years.

The condition of apples was 67.5 per cent of a normal on Sept. 1, compared with 53.8 per cent, the average condition on Sept. 1 for the last ten years.

Secretary MacVeagh has under consideration suggestions that the treasury department distribute some of its surplus funds among the national banks to be available for the movement of crops during the next few weeks. The working balance in the treasury is \$90,500,000. Half of this amount, it is said, could be deposited in the national banks if necessary.

Mr. MacVeagh in all probability will discuss with President Taft before the close of the week the question of depositing some of the government funds to the crop moving demands.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn

to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

VEDRINES AVERAGES 105 MILES AN HOUR**Frenchman Favorite For Gordon Bennett Trophy Race.**

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Jules Vedrines, of the French team, driving a Dernier monoplane, flew 124.8 miles in 70 minutes and 56.85 seconds in the competition for the James Gordon Bennett 12,000 franc (\$2400) trophy in the international contest over the clearing course.

Vedrines, who is the favorite in the race, was the first of the six entrants to start. His performance was wonderful and by it he shattered all the American air records and many of the world's records, approximating 105 miles an hour for the entire flight.

Vedrines got a beautiful start in his beetle-shaped monoplane, rising easily from the ground and getting under full speed in a minute. Although there was a considerable wind at the time, Vedrines refused to delay the start. He soon reached a speed of 103 miles an hour, according to the presiding officials at the course.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

AFTER MORSE'S CASH

New York Man Believes Former Ice King Has Property Secreted.

New York, Sept. 10.—Declaring that he believes that Charles W. Morse, the former ice king, recently released from the federal prison by President Taft, had property secreted, M. W. Hobk obtained from Supreme Court Justice Delaney an order for Morse's examination as to his property on Friday.

Hobk obtained a judgment against Morse in 1908 for \$2532, and he says that the execution was returned by the sheriff unsatisfied.

BOY KILLED BY TOADSTOOLS

Mother and Three Other Children Ill From Poisoning.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 10.—Frederick Gagliardi, aged ten years, of 118 Sun street, died in the City hospital from toadstool poisoning.

The boy's mother and three other children are also suffering from toadstool poisoning.

The toadstools were gathered by Mrs. Gagliardi in mistake for mush rooms in a wood near her home.

Blessed Relief from HAY FEVER

Thousands Use Turners Inflammachine—Doctor's Prescribe It.

People's Drug Store Fortunate to Secure Agency.

A 25 cent jar of Turner's INFLAMMACHE will cure most Hay Fever victims a hundred dollars worth of relief.

It doesn't take a day to do it either, for genuine relief comes the minute it is applied to the nostrils.

Every reader of The Gettysburg Times should remember that the People's Drug Store has at last been successful in securing the agency in Gettysburg for Turner's INFLAMMACHE. A clean golden yellow antiseptic salve that sooths and heals speedily and surely.

A box should be in every home. Use it to quickly banish distress from burns, cuts, bruises, sores, sprains, canker, sore eyes, earache, caked breast and eczema.

Remember also Dear Reader that for Catarrh, Colds, Coughs, Sore throat, Tonsilitis, Bronchitis, Quinsy and Hay Fever nothing ever compounded so quickly ends all misery. 25 cents for a generous Poclain Jar, and money back if dissatisfied.

Dissolution of Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Reichele and Crouse will on Monday, September 9, dissolve partnership. The accounts will remain in the hands of the retiring partner, Horace A. Crouse, to whom prompt settlement of all bills should be made. Business will be continued by George W. Reichele.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp. Weather.
Albany..... 70 Clear.
Atlantic City..... 75 Clear.
Boston..... 66 Clear.
Buffalo..... 74 Clear.
Chicago..... 88 Clear.
New Orleans..... 86 Cloudy.
New York..... 76 Clear.
Philadelphia..... 82 Clear.
St. Louis..... 88 Clear.
Washington..... 74 Clear.

Weather Forecast.
Fair today and tomorrow;
light variable winds.

M. THOMPSON DILL,**DENTIST**

Biglerville - Penn.

All branches of the profession will care for you.

Attention—United Telephone

FOR RENT: an 8 room house, No. 451 Baltimore street. All conveniences, spring water. For terms apply to W. S. Dutters.

Ecker's Store,
"On the square"
Gettysburg, Pa.

BASE BALL SCORES.

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

No games scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. PC. W. L. PC.
Boston..... 92 33 768 Detroit..... 61 72 459
Athletics 79 52 603 Cleveland 53 73 443
Washington 91 39 700 Philadelphia 63 66 488
Chicago 64 66 492 St. Louis 45 85 346

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 2; Brooklyn, 1 (1st game). Batteries—Tezreau, Wilson; Rucker, Miller.
New York, 7; Brooklyn, 2 (2d game). Batteries—Mathewson, Wilson, Hartley; Ragon, Erwin. Other clubs not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. PC. W. L. PC.
N. York..... 91 39 700 Philadelphia 63 66 488
Chicago 77 53 592 Brooklyn 49 81 377
Pittsburg 77 53 592 Brooklyn 49 81 377
Cincinnati 65 67 492 Boston 39 90 302

100 RUSSIAN ARMY MUTINEERS KILLED**200 More Are Wounded in Pitched Battle.**

St. Petersburg, Sept. 10.—Mutiny broke out in the Russian army stationed in the government of Vina in Lithuania, and in a battle between loyal troops and the rebel soldiers 100 of the mutineers were slain and 200 wounded.

The troops which mutinied were sappers stationed in the barracks at Orany. After the uprising they seized the barracks and defied the military authorities to oust them.

A regiment of infantry was sent against the rebels. The foot soldiers drove the deserters from their quarters by a galling fire. Although the mutineers returned the fire there was no account made of the casualties among the loyal troops.

The outbreak shows that the mutinous spirit exists in the army as well as in the navy, dissatisfaction having broken out recently at Sebastopol, where the ships fired on the shore forts. It now develops that the revolutionary movements in the land and sea forces were related.

When news of the outbreak was received in St. Petersburg the minister of war issued orders for a movement of troops to insure the presence of soldiers of unquestioned loyalty in St. Petersburg.

Mr. MacVeagh in all probability will discuss with President Taft before the close of the week the question of depositing some of the government funds to the crop moving demands.

Secretary MacVeagh has under consideration suggestions that the treasury department distribute some of its surplus funds among the national banks to be available for the movement of crops during the next few weeks. The working balance in the treasury is \$90,500,000. Half of this amount, it is said, could be deposited in the national banks if necessary.

Mr. MacVeagh in all probability will discuss with President Taft before the close of the week the question of depositing some of the government funds to the crop moving demands.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 100 feet, and a part of the time it seemed as though the daring aviator would strike the steel pilings marking the turnings, so close did he keep to earth.

The distance of the race is 124.8 miles, or about thirty laps around a 4.14 mile course. The Bennett trophy was donated in 1908.

With the American defender built by a syndicate for this race withdrawn to France, the French team had three monoplanes, each with a speed of more than 100 miles an hour.

The French aviators are Jules Vedrines, Maurice Provost and Andre Frey. The Americans are Delyod Thompson, Paul Peck and Howard Gill.

Keeping close to the ground, flying perfectly straight away, except at the turns, the Frenchman shaved the course to the very last inch. A steady and strong wind swept up. As the breeze freshened, Vedrines crept closer and closer to earth. Most of the race was down at an altitude of not more than 1

Runk & Peckman's Realty Report

Last week we made three more good sales; two farms and a mill property. The time to sell is when you have a buyer. List your property with us at fair price and we will furnish the buyer. We cannot and will not try to sell a property for more than it is worth for we must serve the buyer as well as the seller. Many of our customers are tenants who have saved enough money to pay a portion of the purchase money on a farm of their own. We help them to borrow the balance and lenders will not make loans on properties purchased at fictitious values.

If you are a tenant and have some money saved up, why not buy a farm of your own. You can pay for it with the money you are now making for your landlord and you will have the satisfaction of knowing that everything you do to improve the property will be so much money made for yourself. Come to see us. Consult our list and we may be able to show you the very property that will suit you. If we do not have what you want, you will not be asked to buy what you don't like.

Blacksmith Stand—in Straban township 1 mile from railroad, fine house and all good buildings, 2 acres of rich land. \$900

3 1/2 Acres—2 miles west of Gettysburg, 7 room frame house and kitchen, small stable and outbuildings, lots of fruit and at intersection of two public roads. A fine home. \$1000

8 Acres—4 miles from Gettysburg and at railroad station, 9 room frame house, stable and all outbuildings, good fruit. An excellent place for poultry. \$1200

28 Acres—vacant land 1/2 mile east of Gettysburg along railroad and pike. Will make a valuable factory site. \$2000

7 1/2 Acres—with good buildings 2 miles from Barlow. \$1000

11 Acres—with buildings along the Emmitsburg road, 2 miles north of Emmitsburg, fine water, good soil. \$800

14 Acres—in Mt. Joy township, 2 miles from Harney, red and sandy soil, 7 room brick house with summer kitchen, stable barn with other buildings, good water. A very desirable home. \$1650

15 Acres—with fine buildings, all under slate roof, about 3 1/2 miles north of Gettysburg. \$2200

15 Acres—6 room weatherboarded house, large frame barn, 2 miles from Gettysburg. \$1300

15 Acres—1/4 mile west of Borough limits in Cumberland township, with all good buildings. \$2100

20 Acres—between Cashtown and Arendtsville with good buildings, rich in the fruit country. Price for quick sale. \$1200

21 Acres—in Hamiltonton township at foot of Sugurloaf hill, with good buildings, 398 fruit trees. Must be sold this week. \$1200

22 Acres—3 miles northwest of Gettysburg, smooth granite soil, 1/2 acre of woodland, 6 room weatherboarded house, frame barn, 200 old peach trees, 25 apple trees, other fruit. \$900

23 Acres—Straban township, 2 miles from Table Rock, 4 room house, frame and log barn, other buildings and lots of fruit. \$1500

32 Acres—Franklin township, in small town, brick house and low barn. \$2800

36 Acres—18 acres in apple trees 12 years old, 4 miles from railroad station, trees in fine condition. Will sell with this year crop. For prices and terms see us. \$1200

40 Acres—vacant cultivated land without buildings, 1/2 mile from Table Rock. A fine site for a home and good soil. \$25 per acre

44 Acres—poultry and grain farm with warehouse, railroad siding, two barns and excellent house. Only four miles from Gettysburg and no better soil in the neighborhood. See us for particulars of special low price for quick sale. \$3500

40 Acres—with warehouse and fine buildings. Apply

40 Acres—in Butler township, with 4 room house and small barn, some timber, place is slightly run down but is a bargain at. \$850

51 Acres—in Mt. Joy township, 2 1/2 acres of timber, 6 room frame house, frame barn and two chicken houses. \$2000

58 Acres—Straban township on public road, good soil, new house, barn and other buildings, fresh painted. \$2300

76 Acres—5 1/2 miles from Gettysburg and along the Harrisburg road, good brick house and ground barn in fair condition. This is a most desirable home. \$2800

72 Acres—finest quality granite soil, located 3 miles from Gettysburg on public road, 8 room frame house, good bank barn and all other buildings in good condition, well fenced and in high state of cultivation. A good buy with one-half wheat crop. \$4500

71 Acres—Mt. Joy township at Barlow, excellent stone house, burgundy shed other buildings. There is a low barn and needs repairs. This is a very nice home. \$2900

81 Acres—1 mile from railroad with good buildings. Flour mill and blacksmith shop. This is a good property. For further information and price see us. \$500

85 Acres—Farm in fruit district. Apply for further particulars.

97 Acres—7 miles from Gettysburg in Butler township, granite and gravel soil, bank barn in good condition and two good houses, running water to buildings. \$3500

103 Acres—fine farm land and 26 acres of timberland, 1 mile Charnain on the Emmitsburg and Waynesboro pike. Large double brick house with wide halls and new bank barn, spring house etc, all freshly painted, well fenced and watered by spring and creek. \$6000

103 Acres—3 miles southwest of Biglerville with good buildings and 1000 young apple trees. A good hay and grain farm. Apply

105 Acres—in Franklin township, bank barn and weatherboarded house on public road. Would make a good fruit farm. \$3000

109 Acres—Butler township, 1 mile from Heidlersburg, 95 acres farmed and balance pasture with running water, 6 room weatherboarded house and new bank barn, well fenced. \$3700

114 Acres—granite soil in good state raising good crops, located in Straban township, fine brick house and good barn. A fine home and worth your consideration. Apply to us for special low price for short time. \$121 Acres—1 mile from Gettysburg, 11 room brick house, bank barn 50 x 80 and 9 acres timber. A nice home. \$6000

129 Acres—7 room brick house with halls, large yard, bank barn in good condition 90 feet long, 3 chicken houses and other buildings. The farm has \$5500 worth of standing timber. \$5500

130 Acres—10 acres good timber, 20 acres pasture, balance clear and includes a lot of good fruit soil. There are 1300 young fruit trees now growing, 8 room frame house in ordinary condition with good bank barn 45 x 70. Land is rolling. Apply

131 Acres—granite and gravel, good quality of soil and bank barn, brick house, other good buildings, 100 acres clear and balance clearing. \$4500

141 Acres—7 miles north of Gettysburg near Bender's church. A good quality of soil but a little thin. Brick and frame house and low barn. \$3000

146 Acres—in Highland township, granite soil, public road, phone in house, large new bank barn, good frame house and other buildings. A fine stock farm and a money maker. \$5500

153 Acres—15 acres clearing, balance clear, plenty of fruit, large bank barn and stone house, freshly painted. A fine location. \$6000

156 Acres—30 acres of creek pasture and young timber. A good brick house and log tank barn. The barn needs some repairs. Large hay shed. There is no better quality of soil in Adams county but it is a little thin. 1 mile from New Chester. \$5000

165 Acres—1 mile east of Gettysburg, stone house and bank barn, best quality of granite soil and well located. Water system to buildings. A fine home and one of the best dairy farms. \$40 per acre

168 Acres—2 1/2 miles east of Gettysburg, 8 room frame house and fine big barn with all other buildings, all in the best of condition, \$1000 worth of timber. This is a big producer. If you want a fine big farm near town, let us show you this one with the great quantity of crops stored in the barn. \$7500

For further information apply to

Runk & Peckman,

REAL ESTATE OFFICE MASONIC BUILDING, GETTYSBURG, PA.

Medical Advertising

FINE TEST OF CLEAR SPEECH

Conversation with the Blind Will Test One's Power of Making Listeners Understand You.

Let no one boast of his descriptive powers until he has tested them in conversation with a blind person," said the city missionary. "I used to think that I had the knack of making things pretty clear, but after I began to escort the blind on their walks I found that I had not the slightest conception of concise, comprehensive speech. My first experience of the kind was at a naval parade. I guided two blind men down to Riverside to 'see' the ships. I described to the best of my ability what was going on, but I soon found from the questions they asked that I had given them no idea of what the pageant looked like. I reasoned that the fault must be mine. The men had been blind a good while, but they had retentive memories and an active imagination, and with that material to work on I should have achieved better results.

"From that day I began to cultivate the gift of accurate description. Even when out alone I talked to myself trying to put into words the pictures I saw. By degrees I acquired the art of seeing my blind charges see through my eyes. My biggest stumbling block was women's clothes. No woman I met anywhere showed keener avidity to keep up with the fashions than those that came out from the blind asylum, and it requires every one of my newly acquired gifts to convey an adequate idea of the season's styles."

Cost of Living Reduced

We are shipping Direct to Families Boarding Houses, Lunch Rooms and Hotels, Fancy Anne Arundel County

JERSEY SWEET POTATOES

Per barrel \$2.45 Delivered

We Pay Freight Cash with Order If necessary shipping with your friends

SAVE YOUR BUDGET P. O. BOX 430

Home Supply Co. BALTIMORE, MD.

Daily Thought

"Love can never die. That's the present He gave to everybody."

GOOD SOIL FOR AN ORCHARD

Must Be Prepared Sufficiently Deep and Drained So That Roots May Reach Into Subsoil.

First of all, the soil must be well drained and prepared sufficiently deep so that the roots may reach deep into the subsoil. Second, the surface soil must be cultivated frequently and a rotation of cover crops and catch crops employed so that the sufficient amount of plant food will be made available to promote a rapid, healthy growth rather than forcing the growth of the trees by the use of manures and fertilizers rich in nitrogen. In some rare instances the soil may be deficient in plant food, and the intelligent use of mineral plant foods will prove very beneficial.

It is when the orchards begin to produce large crops of fruit that the demands for plant food must be met if profitable crops of superior fruit are secured. At this time the roots of the trees have taken possession of practically all of the soil, and have utilized the larger portion of the available plant food so that the addition of manure or fertilizer is essential.

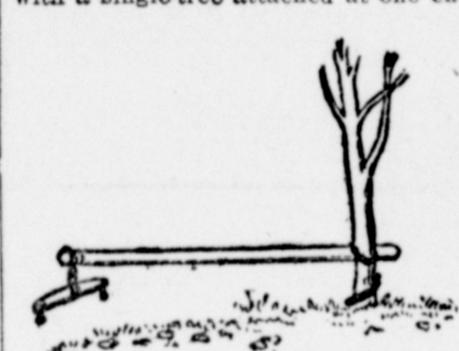
The function of the soil in furnishing the trees with nourishment is an exceedingly complex one, and there are certain well-defined laws that must be kept in mind for improvement and maintenance of the fertility of the soil that is occupied by the trees. Some orchardists advocate sod mulch, others depend upon cultivation and the liberal use of fertilizers and manures, others cover crops and mineral fertilizers as a means of improving and maintaining the fertility of orchard soils.

The fact that no two soils required the same line of treatment has caused a confusion of ideas in the management of orchard soils.

DEVICE FOR PULLING TREES

Apparatus Shown in Illustration Found Entirely Satisfactory in Removing Ing Brush.

For removing bushes and small trees the device illustrated herewith has proved very satisfactory. It consists of a five or six-foot stick of round, tough wood such as hickory, and, say, three inches in diameter, with a single-tree attached at one end


Tree Pulling Apparatus.

and a trace chain at the other. The chain is passed around the sapling and hooked to the pole, says the Orange Judd Farmer. While a horse pulls the roots are cut with an ax on the opposite side, and soon the tree comes out with a rush.

Life of Peach Trees.

It is claimed that the most profitable period in the life of a peach tree is from 4 to 8 years. From a census taken last year in Orange county, N. Y., it seems that thorough cultivation is more essential to the peach tree than either pruning or spraying.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

Fruit can be harvested at one-half the cost from low-headed trees.

Fall is the best season for planting all deciduous trees and bushes.

Cherries will not thrive planted on low, moist or cold, heavy soils.

Any good dry land that will grow the regular farm crops will grow cherries.

The future of apple growing has never looked so bright as it does today.

The fungicidal value of lime-sulphur is increased by the addition of arsenate of lead.

Grapes are apt to overbear and it is never safe to let them set all the fruit they will.

Healthy foliage held late in the season enables the trees to build stronger buds for the next crop.

Arsenate of lead which is held over from the year before will be good if it has not dried out and become a hard luster.

Where the San Jose scale is troublesome the currant is objectionable in the orchard as it affords a great harbor for these pests.

Don't expect a small knapsack sprayer will do the work for large fruit trees. It is not large or strong enough. You need a barrel pump.

The common Bordeaux mixture, sometimes called the 4-4-40 mixture, is composed of 4 pounds bluestone, 4 pounds quicklime and 40 gallons of water.

For scab, leaf spot, brown rot, mildew and leaf blight, use the Bordeaux mixture before leaves or blossoms open on apple, peach, pear, plum or cherry trees.

If a cold wet spell comes when apples are in bloom, spray with bordeaux mixture to prevent scab. This fungous disease is always most destructive in a cool, wet spring.

An interesting scheme of selection in growing annuals is to start with the A's in the seed catalogue and plant a certain number each year until the entire alphabet has been covered.

Aid to the Unloved.

"I try to be an efficient city directory," said the hotel clerk, "but lack of recommending beauty doctor to women guests."

That is one of the first things they

want to know. Churches, theaters,

dressmakers can wait a few days,

but the beauty doctor is an immediate necessity.

Unfortunately, they do not

get much satisfaction out of me.

Any number of beauty specialists leave

cards for distribution, but so many of

them have been mixed up in lawsuits,

that I feel squeamish about delivering

CLING TO OLD DESIGNATIONS

Sporting Language That Was Used in the Middle Ages Is Still Good Form Today.

Much of the language used in various sports is our inheritance from the middle ages. Different kinds of beasts when in companies were distinguished by their own particular epithet, which was supposed to be in some manner descriptive of the habits of the animals. To use the wrong form of these words subjected the would-be sportsman to ridicule.

Many of these terms have passed away, but some of them are still retained. This list from the middle ages is still good usage today. A "pride of lions," a "lope" of leopards, a "herd" of harts and of all sorts of deer; a "bey" of roses, a "sloth" of bears, a "singular" of boars, a "sounder" of wild swine, a "route" of wolves, a "harras" of horses, a "ray" of colts, a "stud" of mares, a "pace" of asses, a "barren" of mules, a "team" of oxen, a "drove" of kine, a "fock" of sheep, a "trite" of goats, a "skulk" of foxes, a "down" of hares, a "next" of rabbits, a "clowder" of cats, a "shrewdness" of spades and a "labor" of moles.

Also of animals when they retired to rest, a hart was said to be "harrowed," a roebuck "bedded," a hare "formed," a rabbit "set." Two greyhounds were called a "brace" but two harriers were called a "couple." There was also a "mute" of bounds for a number, a "kennel" of rakes, a "litter" of whelps and